



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية
التوثيق الإلكتروني والميكروفيلم

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم



MONA MAGHRABY



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التوثيق الإلكتروني والميكروفيلم



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية التوثيق الإلكتروني والميكروفيلم



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جامعة عين شمس

التوثيق الإلكتروني والميكروفيلم

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MONA MAGHRABY

**STUDY ON EVALUATION AND ENHANCEMENT
OF THE PRODUCTIVITY OF APRICOT
CULTIVAR “PRIANA” CULTIVATED
UNDER EGYPT CONDITION**

By

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B.Sc. Agric. Sci. (Pomology), Fac. Agric., Ain Shams Univ., 2003

M.Sc. Agric. Sci. (Pomology), Fac. Agric., Cairo Univ., 2011

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ABSTRACT

The present investigation was conducted during two successive seasons 2016 and 2017 on five years old Priana apricot cultivar grown under desert conditions. Apricot trees are uniform growth in sandy soil in a private orchard at El-Khatatba region, Menofia Governorate, Egypt.

This study aims to evaluate the behavior of the apricot cultivar under study through:

1. Estimation of chilling requirement.
2. Study the effect of dormancy breaking agents.
3. Study the effect of spraying some nutrient elements on leaves.
4. Study the effect of hand thinning on yield and fruit quality.

The results showed that, "Priana" has a low chilling requirement and it's considered a great advantage, especially in areas with warm winters, to early and regulate the opening of flowers and also to avoid low yields.

Furthermore the possibility of the replacement of hydrogen cyanamide by garlic oil or H_2O_2 in breaking buds dormancy on apricot trees under conditions. Further, using these replacement break agent are more safety and environmentally-friendly products furthermore it can use in organic farm.

In addition the highest fruit quality and acceptable vegetative growth can be achieved by spraying Ca 3 % and Zn 3% at flowering and fruit set stages.

Hand thinning experimental showed that, although thinning may reduce the amount of the crop, but the lack of thinning of this variety leads to the production of a crop with low fruit characteristics with natural and chemical parameters. Therefore, to obtain high-quality fruits in Priana apricot cultivar, the process of early thinning in the stage of the fruit set may be an optimal solution.

Meanwhile, this study considered Priana as suitable cultivar for growing in Egypt. Due to high yield and it was the earliest to reach harvest stage.

Key words: "Priana" apricot cultivar, chilling requirement, breaking agents, spraying nutrients, hand thinning

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