

سامية محمد مصطفى



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ



سامية محمد مصطفى



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية التوثيق الالكتروني والميكروفيلم



سامية محمد مصطفى



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية

جامعة عين شمس

التوثيق الإلكتروني والميكروفيلم

قسم

نقسم بالله العظيم أن المادة التي تم توثيقها وتسجيلها
علي هذه الأقراص المدمجة قد أعدت دون أية تغيرات



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بالرسالة صفحات

لم ترد بالأصل





Zagazig University
Benha Branch
Faculty of Science
Physics Department



SUPERCONDUCTOR RESPONSE TO ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS

A THESIS

**Submitted in Partial Fullfillment of the
Requirements for the Degree of
Master of Science
(PHYSICS)**

BY

MOHAMMED MOSTAFA FADL ALLAH

(B.Sc. Physics)

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Physics Department,
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**Dr. M. S. M. Nour El-Din,
Physics Department,
Faculty of Science,
Benha University.**

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بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ
الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الَّذِي
خَلَقَ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ
وَالَّذِي يُضَوِّبُ الْمَوْتَى
إِنَّ رَبَّهُ لَسَدِيدٌ
إِلَىٰ عَرْشِهِ الرَّحِيمُ
الَّذِي يُرْسِلُ الرِّيَّاحَ
تُحْمَلُهُ السَّحَابُ
وَيُنزِلُ مِنْهَا
مَاءً بَارِكًا
يُخْرِجُ بِهِ
الزَّيْتُونَ وَالنَّخْلَ
وَالْحَبَّ وَالذُّرْهَانَ
وَالنَّخْلَةَ وَالشَّجَرَاتِ
كَثِيرًا إِنَّ رَبَّهُ
لَسَدِيدٌ إِلَىٰ عَرْشِهِ
الرَّحِيمُ

Acknowledgement

Firstly, gratitude and deeply thankful to our creator, ALLAH who always helps and guides us.

The author is deeply indebted to my dear parental Prof. Dr. A. A. Rabie, Physics Department, Faculty of Science, Benha University, not only for suggestion the line of the investigated research but also for his continuous advice, valuable discussions, revisions, presentation of the thesis in the final form, for continuous support and for encouragement interest.

Grateful appreciation of thanks to Prof. Dr. A. G. Saif, theoretical physics department, Atomic Energy Authority, for supervising this work, for suggesting this point of research, his illuminating discussion revisions, presentation of the thesis in the final form, for continuous support and for encouragement interest.

The author would like to express his deep thanks to Dr. M. A. El-Sabagh, Associated Professor of theoretical physics, Atomic Energy Authority, for his effort during this work and valuable discussions.

The author would like to express his thanks and sincerest to Dr. M. S. M. Nour El-Dine, Physics Department, Faculty of Science, Benha University, for facilities, continuous help, cooperation revision during this research work.

The author is also wishes to express his thanks to the staff of Physics Department, Faculty of Science, Benha University, headed by Prof. Dr. H. O. Nafe, for helpful cooperation.

I would like to thank my family especially my parents and my sister Ms. Samia for their encouragement, patience and support during this work.

I would like to express my deepest appreciation to my dear friends Mr. M. A. Mohammed and Mr. M. E. Hashish.

ABSTRACT

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It is known that, the magnetic field penetrates into type II superconductors as lines of Abrikosov vortices.

The aim of this research is to study the behavior of the elliptic closed vortex in bounded type II superconducting shaped as an elliptic cylinder. For homogenous superconductors, the vortices and their interactions with the surface of the sample determine the properties of the sample.

This thesis contains three chapters and two appendices.

In chapter I, a general introduction about superconductivity is present. Chapter II contains the derivation of London equation in elliptic cylinder coordinates and it's solution. Thus the form of the magnetic field of a solitary Abrikosov vortex with an elliptic shape is obtained. From which the free energy, the current density, and Gibbs free energy for the vortex are derived. The vortex may be an expanding or a collapsing vortex according to whether the direction of the vortex magnetic field is opposite or equal in sense to the direction of the magnetic field which is created by the applied current. It is important to mention that, in the limiting case, our results for the elliptic cylinder become exactly that for the circular cylinder case, which was published.

Using a personal computer with a Pentium III processor, the computations of the physical quantities of the sample were carried out as given in chapter III. By taking into account the vortices and the sample are confocal ellipses, the free energy, Gibbs free energy for expanding and collapsing vortex, the energy barrier and its position for expanding and collapsing vortex are calculated and discussed. Also the critical current density for the sample is calculated. These calculations are done for different Ginzburg-Landau (GL) parameters.

A comparison between the theoretical results, for the critical current, and that published experimental data is done for thin films.

Appendix A, is concerned with detailed derivations of London equation and the current density in elliptic coordinates.

Appendix B, is concerned with detailed derivations of the free energy of the system.

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