

شبكة المعلومات الجامعية التوثيق الإلكتروني والميكروفيلو

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم





MONA MAGHRABY



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية التوثيق الإلكتروني والميكروفيلو



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية التوثيق الالكتروني والميكروفيلم



MONA MAGHRABY



شبكة المعلومات الجامعية التوثيق الإلكترونى والميكروفيلم

جامعة عين شمس التوثيق الإلكتروني والميكروفيلم قسم

نقسم بالله العظيم أن المادة التي تم توثيقها وتسجيلها علي هذه الأقراص المدمجة قد أعدت دون أية تغيرات



يجب أن

تحفظ هذه الأقراص المدمجة بعيدا عن الغبار



MONA MAGHRABY



Cairo University Faculty of Veterinary Medicine



Studies on virulence and antimicrobial resistance of Mycoplasma species recovered from Camel

A thesis presented

By

Walaa Mohammed Abd Elazeem Mohammed (B.V.Sc., Beni Suef University, 2010) (M.V.Sc., Cairo University, 2015)

For the degree of

Doctor of Philosophy in Veterinary Medical Science
(Microbiology)

Under The Supervision of

Prof. Dr. Kamelia Mahmoud Osman Professor of Department of Microbiology Faculty of Veterinary Medicine Cairo University

Dr. Ahmed Oraby Hassan Lecturer of Microbiology Faculty of Veterinary Medicine Cairo University Prof. Dr. Zeinab Roshdy Mohammed
Chief Researcher
Mycoplasma Department
Animal Health Research Institute

Cairo University
Faculty of Veterinary Medicine
Department of Microbiology
(Bacteriology, Immunology and Mycology)



Approval sheet

This is to certify that the dissertation presented by **Walaa Mohammed Abd Elazeem Mohammed** to Cairo University for the **Ph.D** degree in Veterinary
Science (Bacteriology, Immunology and Mycology) has been approved by
examining committee:

Examining and judgment committee:

Prof. Dr. Alaa Eldin Hussein,

Professor of Microbiology

Dean of faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Sadat University.

Prof. Dr. Ashraf Awad,

Professor of Microbiology

Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Benha University.

Prof. Dr. Fayez Awad Allah Salib,

Professor of Internal and infectious diseases

Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Cairo University.

fays salit

Cairo University
Faculty of Veterinary medicine
Department of Microbiology

Name : Walaa Mohammed Abd EL-Azeem Mohammed

Specification : Microbiology (Bacteriology, Immunology, Mycology).

Thesis title : Studies on virulence and antimicrobial resistance of Mycoplasma

species recovered from Camel.

Supervisors:

Prof. Dr.Kamelia Mahmoud Osman

Professor of Department of Microbiology

Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Cairo University.

Dr. Ahmed Oraby Hassan

Lecturer of Department of Microbiology

Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Cairo University.

Prof. Dr. Zeinab Roshdy Mohammed

Chief Researcher of Department of Mycoplasma

Health Research Institue, (Doki).

Abstract

This study was carried out on 460 samples obtained from apparently healthy and diseased Camels. 26.3 % of samples were positive to the primary isolation of *Mollicutes*. Recovery rate of *Mycoplasma* was 13.2% from diseased slaughtered Camels. Biochemical and molecular identification (PCR) of Mycoplasma isolates showed that 21.31 % were M. bovis and 78.68 % were M. arginine. On performing phenotypic characterization of isolates, it was found that M. bovis isolates showed high resistance to ciprofloxacin and erythromycin in percentage of 100% & 76.9% respectively, while M. arginini showed high resistance to ciprofloxacin, erythromycin, doxycycline and lincomycin in percentage 83.3%, 79.2%, 64.6% and 58.3% respectively. 20% of M. bovis and 19% of M. arginini isolates showed catalase activity. 100% M. bovis and M. arginini isolates have haemolytic activity and H2S producers. M. bovis and M. arginini isolates were found to have poor adhesion and biofilm formation abilities. The par C, gyr A, vsp A, uvr C and gap A genes were not detected in M. arginini .While par C and vsp A were detected in 15% of M. bovis isolates.

Key words: *Mycoplasma*, *M. bovis*, *M. arginini*, PCR, Phenotypic characterization.

Dedication

This thesis is dedicated

To my father soul

To my mother for her endless Love,

Support & Encouragement

To my sisters & brother

To My Husband who inspired me all the time

To my soul my son and daughter

<u>ACKNOWLEDGMENT</u>

First, my deepest prayerful thanks to our merciful ALLAH who alone made this achievement, and ask him to accept my effort.

I would like to express my gratitude for the encouragement and patience of my major enthusiastic advisor, Prof. **Dr. Kamelia Mahmoud Osman**, Professor of Microbiology, Department of Microbiology, Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Cairo University. Her microbiological expertise, steadfast guidance, constant accessibility, unfailing interest, stimulating supervision and constructive criticism are greatly appreciated and were the guidelines which made the completion of this work possible. Thank you for the guidance on academic writing skills and giving me the chance to explore in details the demanding molecular techniques that I will need for a strong scientific career.

I would like to thank the rest of my committee, Prof. **Dr. Zeinab Roshdy**Mohammed, Chief Researcher, Mycoplasma Department, Animal Health Research
Institute, Dokki who helped, critiqued and for her support to finish my studies
successfully and assisted me during this project.

I am grateful to **Dr. Ahmed Oraby Hassan**, Lecturer of Microbiology, Department of Microbiology, Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Cairo University, for his valuable advice and guidance throughout the course of the thesis.

It is great pleasure to record my thanks to all the staff members of the Mycoplasma department of Animal Health Research Institue, Dokki, Giza for valuable help and advices during the work.

I also want to thank **Dr. Aalaa Samir Saad**, Researcher, Reference Lab for Examination of Food of Animal Origin, Animal Health Research Institute, who spared no effort in giving me her full support.