

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم





HOSSAM MAGHRABY





شبكة المعلومات الجامعية التوثيق الالكتروني والميكروفيلم



HOSSAM MAGHRABY



جامعة عين شمس

التوثيق الإلكتروني والميكروفيلم قسم

نقسم بالله العظيم أن المادة التي تم توثيقها وتسجيلها علي هذه الأقراص المدمجة قد أعدت دون أية تغيرات



يجب أن

تحفظ هذه الأقراص المدمجة بعيدا عن الغيار



HOSSAM MAGHRABY



Ain Shams University
Faculty of Education
Department of
Curriculum and Instruction

A Program Based on Connectivism for Creating Personal Learning Environments to Develop EFL Prospective Teachers' Instructional Performance: A Case Study

A Dissertation

Submitted in Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements for the Degree of Doctor of Philosophy in Education (Curriculum and Instruction - EFL)

Author Asmaa Zedan El Sayed

Assistant Lecturer, Department of Curriculum and Instruction (EFL) Faculty of Education, Ain Shams University, Egypt

Advisors

Dr. Asmaa Ghanem Gheith

Dr. Badr Abdelfattah Abdelkafy

A Professor of Curriculum and Instruction (EFL) Faculty of Education Ain Shams University A Lecturer of Curriculum and Instruction (EFL) Faculty of Education Ain Shams University **Research title:** A Program Based on Connectivism for Creating Personal Learning Environments to Develop EFL Prospective Teachers' Instructional

Performance: A Case Study

Author: Asmaa Zedan El Sayed

Source: Faculty of Education, Ain Shams University, Egypt **Year:** 2021

Advisors: 1- Dr. Asmaa Ghanem Gheith, Professor of Curriculum and Instruction (EFL), Faculty of Education, Ain Shams University, Egypt 2- Dr. Badr Abdelfattah Abdelkafy, Lecturer of Curriculum and Instruction (EFL), Faculty of Education, Ain Shams University, Egypt

Abstract

The aim of this case study was to design a program based on connectivism for creating personal learning environments (PLEs) to develop EFL prospective teachers' instructional performance. To achieve this aim, the researcher designed two instruments; namely, a) an assessment form for EFL prospective teachers' lesson planning competencies, and b) an observation checklist for EFL prospective teachers' lesson implementation competencies. The researcher then designed the study's suggested program. A group of 7 prospective teachers enrolled in the 2nd year, general education, English Department, Faculty of Education, Ain Shams University (2019-2020) participated in the study. They were trained through the suggested program's tasks on creating PLEs, designing lesson plans, and conducting lesson presentations in light of the connections within their PLEs. Data sources included documentation, observation, interviews, and physical artifacts in addition to the quantitative data concluded via administration of the instruments. The participants' scores on the pre and post-administration of the study's instruments were statistically analyzed using z-test. In addition, a qualitative analysis of each participant regarding their PLEs, personal learning portfolios (PLPs), and personal learning networks (PLNs) was conducted. Both the quantitative and the qualitative results revealed that connectivism-based PLEs were effective in developing EFL prospective teachers' instructional performance.

Keywords: Connectivism, personal learning environments (PLEs), personal learning networks (PLNs), personal learning portfolios (PLPs), EFL instructional performance, EFL prospective teachers

Acknowledgments

I would like to express my sincere gratitude to my advisor **Dr. Asmaa Ghanem Gheith** for the unconditional support and help she provided me. Her attitude was not only that of an advisor, but also of a caring mother who always urged me to continue. I thank her for her continuous encouragement, responsiveness, and the confidence she demonstrated towards my abilities. I appreciate the time she spent to read this dissertation and her insightful comments which helped me refine my work.

I cannot express enough thanks to my advisor **Dr. Badr Abdelfattah Abdelkafy** for his inspiring guidance and precious support. He provided me with thorough comments and remarks and was always ready to discuss me and answer my questions anytime. I do appreciate all his valuable time and efforts to help me complete this dissertation. I owe him a lot.

My sincere appreciation is extended to **Dr. Attia Abdelkader Attia Eltanany**, Professor of Curriculum and Instruction (EFL), Faculty of Education, Al-Azhar University, for accepting to be part of this dissertation committee and to examine my research. I thank him for his insightful comments and remarks and for his time and effort to help me refine my work.

I would also like to thank **Dr. Magdy Mahdy Ali**, Professor of Curriculum and Instruction (EFL), Faculty of Education, Ain Shams University, for helping me during my research process through his insightful comments and valuable remarks regarding my research instruments. I also thank him for accepting to examine this research and to be part of the dissertation committee providing his time and effort to enhance my work.

A special 'thank you' goes to each of **my wonderful students** who participated in the study and helped me to make it possible.

I am deeply indebted to **my mother** who is the main reason for who I am today. My sincere gratitude is extended to **my father**; **my sister**, **Yasmin**; and **my brother**, **Mohamed**, whose love and support have helped me all through the

journey. I am also indebted to **my parents in law** who literally made it possible for me to complete this dissertation and always provided me with unconditional love and support.

I owe a lot to my dear husband, **Taher**, who has always been there for me. He supported me all through the way and always believed I can reach the stars. I thank my lovely daughters, **Jannatan** and **Ashraqat** whose love has urged me to keep on and succeed.

I warmly thank my dear friend and soul mate, **Amal Abdel Nasser**, who has always provided me with unconditional love and advice. I also thank **Amira Mahmoud**, **Amena Gamil, Marwa Abdel Galil**, and **Rahma Mahmoud** for being true friends when true friends became so rare.

Table of Contents

Content	Page
Abstract	i
Acknowledgements	iii
Table of Contents	V
List of Tables	х
List of Figures	xi
List of Abbreviations	xii
Chapter 1	
Background and Problem	1
1.1 Introduction	1
1.2 Context of the Problem	7
1.3 The Pilot Study	9
1.4 Statement of the Problem	10
1.5 Study Questions	10
1.6 Hypotheses	11
1.7 Delimitations of the Study	12
1.8 Definition of Terms	12
1.8.1 Connectivism	12
1.8.2 Prospective Teachers	13
1.8.3 Instructional Performance	13
1.8.4 Personal Learning Environment (PLE)	13
1.9 Significance of the Study	14
Chapter 2	
Review of Literature and Related Studies	16
2.1 Connectivism	16
2.1.1 Principles of Connectivism	17

2.1.2 Features and Strengths of Connectivism1	8
2.1.3 Teacher's Role2	1
2.1.4 Students' Roles2	4
2.2 Instructional Performance2	5
2.2.1 Instructional Performance Competencies2	6
2.2.2 EFL Prospective Teachers' Instructional Performance Competencies30)
2.2.3 EFL Prospective Teacher Training and Preparation3	4
2.3 Personal Learning Environments (PLEs)39	9
2.3.1 Guidelines on Creating Personal Learning Environments in EFL Learnin	g
and Teaching Contexts4	2
2.3.1.1 Selecting Personal Portal Tools and Organizing Personal Learnin	g
Environments4	3
2.3.1.2 Linking Tools to Personal Learning Environments4	5
2.3.1.3 Assessing Personal Learning Environments4	6
2.3.2 Advantages of Personal Learning Environments4	7
2.3.3 Personal Learning Network (PLN)52	2
2.3.3.1 Tools for Creating Personal Learning Networks53	3
2.3.3.2 Advantages of Personal Learning Networks55	5
2.3.4 Personal Learning Portfolio (PLP)58	8
2.3.4.1 Advantages of Personal Learning Portfolios5	9
2.3.5 Personal Learning Environment (PLE), Personal Learning Network (PLN)),
and Personal Learning Portfolio (PLP)60	C
2.3.6 Challenges of Creating Personal Learning Environments6	1
2.4 Integrating EFL Instructional Performance and Connectivism-Based Persona	al
Learning Environments6	3
Commentary67	7

Chapter 3

Method	71
3.1 Study Design	71
3.2 Participants and Settings	72
3.3 The List of EFL Prospective Teachers' Instructional Performance Don	nains and
Competencies	73
3.3.1 Aim	73
3.3.2 Structure	73
3.3.3 Validity	74
3.4 Instruments	77
3.4.1 The Assessment Form for EFL Prospective Teachers' Lesson	Planning
Competencies	77
3.4.1.1 Aim	77
3.4.1.2 Structure	77
3.4.1.3 Validity	77
3.4.2 The Observation Checklist for EFL Prospective Teachers	' Lesson
Implementation Competencies	78
3.4.2.1 Aim	78
3.4.2.2 Structure	78
3.4.2.3 Validity	78
3.5 Sources of Data	79
3.5.1 Documentation	79
3.5.2 Observation	79
3.5.3 Interviews	80
3.5.4 Physical Artifacts	81
3.6 The Suggested Program Designed for Creating Personal	Learning
Environments Based on Connectivism	82

3.6.1 Aim	82
3.6.2 Performance Objectives	82
3.6.3 Description	84
Chapter 4	
Results and Discussion	89
4.1 Quantitative Results of the Study	90
4.1.1 The First Hypothesis	90
4.1.2 The Second Hypothesis	93
4.1.3 The Third Hypothesis	96
4.1.4 The Fourth Hypothesis	99
4.2 Qualitative Analysis and Discussion	102
4.2.1 An Analysis of Each Case Including Description of th	e Creation of
Connectivism-Based Personal Learning Environments as Refle	ected in Their
Personal Learning Portfolios, as Well as Their Perceived Personal	sonal Learning
Networks	102
4.2.1.1 First Case	102
4.2.1.2 Second Case	107
4.2.1.3 Third Case	112
4.2.1.4 Fourth Case	114
4.2.1.5 Fifth Case	117
4.2.1.6 Sixth Case	120
4.2.1.7 Seventh Case	124
4.3 Insights, Implications, Limitations, and Remarks	129
4.3.1 Insights Gained from the Study	129
4.3.2 General Implications and Conclusions	140
4.3.3 Limitations	143
4.3.4 Remarks	145

Chapter 5

Summary, Conclusions, and Recommendations	147
5.1 Summary	147
5.2 Results of the Study	150
5.3 Conclusions	151
5.4 Recommendations	152
5.5 Suggestions for Further Research	153
References	155
Appendices	
Appendix (A): Names of Jury Members	179
Appendix (B): List of EFL Instructional Performance Domains	and
Competencies	180
Appendix (C): EFL Lesson Planning Assessment Form	187
Appendix (D): Observation Checklist for EFL Lesson Implementation	188
Appendix (E): The Study Program	191
Appendix (F): Handouts for the Participants	237
Appendix (G): Participants' Consent to Data Sharing	260
Appendix (H): The Pilot Study	262
Appendix (I): Samples of Participants' Personal Learning Portfolios	263
Summary in Arabic	

List of Tables

Table 1: List of EFL Instructional Performance Domains and Competencies75
Table 2: Test of Normality for the Pre and Post-Administration of the Lesson
Planning Assessment Form91
Table 3: Z-Test Results for the Significance of Difference between the Participants'
Mean Scores on the Pre and Post-Administration of the Lesson Planning
Assessment Form with Regard to the Development of the Overall EFL Lesson
Planning Competencies92
Table 4: Z-Test Results for the Significance of Differences between the
Participants' Mean Scores on the Pre and Post-Administration of the Lesson
Planning Assessment Form with Regard to the Development of Each of the EFL
Lesson Planning Competencies94
Table 5: Test of Normality for the Pre and Post-Administration of the Observation
Checklist97
Table 6: Z-Test Results for the Significance of Difference between the Participants'
Mean Scores on the Pre and Post-Administration of the Observation Checklist
with Regard to the Development of the Overall EFL Lesson Implementation
Competencies98
Table 7: Z-Test Results for the Significance of Differences between the
Participants' Mean Scores on the Pre and Post-Administration of the Observation
Checklist with Regard to the Development of Each of the EFL Lesson
Implementation Competencies100

List of Figures

Figure 1: Anatomy of a PLE (Morrison, 2013)6
Figure 2: Example of PLE on Netvibes43
Figure 3: Example of PLE on Mobile Platform44
Figure 4: The Difference between the Participants' Mean Scores on the Pre and
Post-Administration of the Lesson Planning Assessment Form Regarding the
Overall EFL Lesson Planning Competencies93
Figure 5: The Differences between the Participants' Mean Scores on the Pre and
Post-Administration of the Lesson Planning Assessment Form Regarding the
Development of Each of the EFL Lesson Planning Competencies96
Figure 6: The Difference between the Participants' Mean Scores on the Pre and
Post-Administration of the Observation Checklist Regarding the Overall EFL Lesson
Implementation Competencies99
Figure 7: The Differences between the Participants' Mean Scores on the Pre and
Post-Administration of the Observation Checklist Regarding the Development of
Each of the EFL Lesson Implementation Competencies101