

شبكة المعلومات الجامعية التوثيق الإلكتروني والميكروفيلو

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم





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شبكة المعلومات الجامعية التوثيق الإلكتروني والميكرونيله



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جامعة عين شمس التوثيق الإلكتروني والميكروفيلم قسم

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Effect of nutritional intervention on some metabolic syndrome risk factors among adults

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B.s.c. of Home Economics, Nutrition and Food Science Helwan University, 2007
Submitted to Home Economics Department
In Partial Fulfilment of the Requirements
For the master degree in Home Economics
(Nutrition & Food Science)

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ACKNOWLEDGMENT

First of all my obedience, devotion, deepest thanks and praise are due and fully extended-as always to Allah, who has created us and bestowed upon us a lot of blessings which we cannot enumerate and thank enough.

I wish to express my grateful appreciation and deepest thanks to: **Pro.Dr. Ekbal Mahmoud Mohamed,** Prof., of Food science and Nutrition, Home Economic Dept., Fac. of Specific Education, Ain Shams University for this investigation suggestion, direct supervision, greatest faithful, constructive criticism as well as valuable discussion, great help for all work and plentiful active for me to bring this investigation to its best shape.

Special thanks are due to Dr. Elsayed Mahmoud Hammad Assistant prof. of Nutrition, Clinical Nutrition Dept., National Nutrition Institute for his guidance and continuous supervision of the thesis, his efforts, valuable guidance, and great respect discussion. Also for his encouragement throughout all times and helping during practical work and in the final writing of my thesis.

My thanks are due to **Dr. Safaa Talaat Gohari Mohamed,** Lecturer of Nutrition & Food Sci. Home Economic Dept. Fac. of Specific Education, Ain Shams University for her direct supervision, careful guidance, willing cooperation, and valuable assistance as well as continuous encouragement throughout the time of this study and through the experimental work. She really offered great support and to her I really offer my sincere appreciations.

Special thanks are due to Dr. **Eman Ahmed Sultan**. Lecturer of Endocrinology and Clinical Nutrition, Clinical Nutrition Dept., National Nutrition Institute for her valuable assistance and helping in medical investigations during practical work.

Special thanks are due to Dr. Naglaa Mohamed Abd Al- Fattah Lecturer of Nutrition & Food Sci.-National Nutrition Institute for helping in the Statistics.

Finally, my great thanks are due to all my family for their continuous support and to everyone who provided help or advise me to achieve this manuscript.

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Degree: M. Sc. in Home Economic

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List of Abbreviation

ADA	American Diabetes Association.
AHA	American Heart Association.
AST	aspartate amino transferees
ALT	alanine amino transferees
BMI	Body mass index.
BP	Blood pressure.
Cal	Calorie.
CVD	Cardiovascular disease.
СНО	Carbohydrates
DBP	Diastolic blood pressure.
DM	Diabetes mellitus
DMT2	Diabetes mellitus type 2.
DPP	Diabetes Prevention Program.
DNPCNCD	Diet nutrition and prevention of chronic non-
	communicable diseases
FBG	Fasting blood glucose.
FDA	Food and Drug Administration.
GI	Glycemic index.
HC	Hip circumference.
HDL-c	High density lipoproteins cholesterol.
HFHSD	High fat high sucrose diet.
HRQoL	Health-related quality of life.
IDF	International Diabetes federation.
IGT	Insulin glucose intolerance.
IR	Insulin resistance.
LDL-c	Low density lipoproteins cholesterol.
LGL	Low glycemic load.
MeD	Mediterranean diet.
MS	Metabolic syndrome.
MUFA	Monounsaturated fatty acid.
M	Mean
NCEP ATP:	National Cholesterol Education Program Adult Panel
Treatment	III.
NNI	National Nutrition institute.
PUFA	Polyunsaturated fatty acid.
RDA	Recommended Dietary Allowance.
SBP	Systolic blood pressure.
SD	Standard deviation.
SFAs	Saturated fatty acids.
T2D	Type 2 diabetes.
TC	Total cholesterol.

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TFCs	Trans-fatty acids.
TG	Triglycerides.
US	United States.
WC	Waist circumference.
WHO	World Health Organization.

ABSTRACT

Effect of nutritional intervention on some metabolic syndrome risk factors among adults

The aims of this thesis are to estimate the presence of metabolic syndrome risk factors among adults and its relation with their dietary pattern and to estimate the effect of dietary life style intervention on some risk factors of metabolic syndrome among selected adult cases. The study was conducted on 140 adults, (20 - 60 years), males and females suffering from one or more of metabolic syndrome risk factors. Dietary lifestyle intervention (Suitable diet, healthy life style and nutritional education for 3 months) was made for 50 cases that were selected with high risk factors. Anthropometric, laboratory and dietary assessments were made at baseline and at the end of intervention for selected cases. Results: Main results of our study showed high significant relation between MS and dietary pattern of the studied sample. Dietary life style intervention showed very high significant changes especially for anthropometric measurements of cases whom included with our intervention (n=50) p < 0.000, weight and BMI were decreased about 13.7 %, waist circumferences were decreased about 13% and hip circumferences were decreased about 9 % by the end point of intervention period. These changes also lead to laboratory improvement in syndrome indicators like FBG, lipid profile (TC, TG, LDL-c, and HDL-c). Conclusion: Diet and lifestyle modifications are the first line of treatment in dealing with MS. Diet planning to reduce about 10% from body weight is very useful for preventing or reducing metabolic syndrome risk factors and its complications among adults. Recommendation: balanced caloric intake and physical activity is essential to achieve and maintain a healthy body weight as possible as.

Key words: Metabolic syndrome - risk factors - adults - Dietary intervention

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