

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم



-Caron-





شبكة المعلومات الجامعية التوثيق الالكتروني والميكروفيلم





جامعة عين شمس

التوثيق الإلكتروني والميكروفيلم

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Bayesian analysis of a mixture of two components of different families of distributions under different censoring schemes

A Thesis Submitted for the Award of the Ph.D. Degree in Science in Mathematical Statistics

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ABSTRACT

MARWAH AHMED MOHAMED AEFA

Bayesian analysis of a mixture of two components of different families of distributions under different censoring schemes

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Finite mixtures models have received considerable attention in areas of survival analysis and reliability in recent years, from analysis in both the methodological development and multifarious applications. This thesis discuss the statistical inference of heterogeneous population model by using two component mixture model when the data are of different censoring schemes. We consider the maximum likelihood estimation and Bayes estimation of parameters assuming informative and non-informative priors under symmetric and asymmetric loss functions. In some cases three different approximation methods are used for Bayesian computation, importance sampling method, Lindley approximation and Tierney and Kadane approximation. We perform Monte Carlo simulation to compare the performance of the different methods. The Bayes prediction intervals are also determined.

Key Words: Mixture model, Progressive first failure censored scheme, Progressive Type-II censoring, Hybrid censored, Maximum likelihood estimation, Bayesian estimation, Bayesian prediction.

SUMMARY

The survival analysis of lifetime (failure time) data is an important topic in statistics and has applications in different fields of life and also is a collection of statistical procedures for data analysis for which the outcome variable of interest is the time until an event occurs. Various parametric families of models are used in the analysis of lifetime data. For this purpose, we use a mixture model of Weibull and Lomax distributions and Inverse Chen and Inverse Compound Rayleigh distributions.

Finite mixture models provide a flexible framework to handle heterogeneous data supposed to comprise a number of subpopulation mixed in an unknown proportion, also to be of considerable interest in terms of both of the development multifarious methodological and applications. Mixture distributions have gained great interest for the analysis by many statisticians and mathematicians. For the purpose of the discussion, the estimation of surveys and their application in different fields of life, mixture distributions play a vital role in many practical applications. Direct applications of finite mixture models are medicine, botany, life testing, reliability, etc. Indirect applications include outliers, cluster analysis, latent structure models, modelling prior densities, empirical Bayes method and nonparametric density estimation.

Point estimation is one of the core topics in mathematical statistics. The Bayes methods consider the most common method of point estimation, and is an important approach to statistics, which formally seeks use of prior information and Bayes theorem to provide the formal basis for using this information. In recent years analysis of mixture models under Bayesian framework has received considerable attention.

This thesis focuses on the problem of estimating the parameters and prediction intervals under two-component mixture of different distributions under different censoring techniques and using different loss function.

The thesis consists of six chapters as follows:

Chapter I: Contains the concepts and basics of this thesis. Some of the previous studies of distributions used are presented.