

شبكة المعلومات الجامعية التوثيق الإلكتروني والميكروفيلو

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم





MONA MAGHRABY



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جامعة عين شمس التوثيق الإلكتروني والميكروفيلم قسم

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Do the Commonly Used Contraceptive Methods Have a Role on the Activity of Rheumatoid Arthritis?

Thesis

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List of Abbreviations

Abb.	Full term
ACPA	. Anti-citrullinated protein antigen
	. American College of Rheumatology
	. Alanine transaminases
	. Aspartate transaminase
AZA	_
	. B-cell lymphoma 2
	. Body mass index
BP	·
	-
	British Society of Rheumatology
	. Combined hormonal contraceptives
	. Carpometacarpal
	. Current combination oral contraceptives
	. C - reactive protein
	. Cupper intrauterine device
	Cardiovascular disease
	. Distal interphalangeal
DMARDs	. Disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs
DMPA	. Depo-medroxyprogesterone acetate
DVT	. Deep vein thrombosis
E1	. Estrone
E2	. Oestrogens
EDHS	. Egypt Demographic and Health Survey
ELISA	. Enzyme linked immunosorbent assay
ER	. Oestrogen receptors
ESR	. Erythrocyte sedimentation rate
	. European League Against Rheumatism
	. Fragment crystallizable
	- · ·

List of Abbreviations Cont...

Abb. Full term	
EU/ml Endotoxin unit per millimeter	
FDA Food and Drug Administration	
gm/dlGram per deciliter	
HCQ Hydroxychloroquine	
HRT Hormone replacement therapy	
IFCC International Federation of. Clinical Chemistry and Laboratory Medicine	
IFN-γ Interferon gamma	
IL-2 Interleukin 2	
IU/ml International unit per millimeter	
IUD Intra uterine device	
LEFLeflunomide	
LNG IUD Levonorgestrel releasing intrauterine device	
LNG-IUS Levonorgestrel-releasing intrauterine system	
MCSF Macrophage colony-stimulating factor	
mg Milligram	
mg/L Milligram per liter	
MHC Major histocompatibility complex	
mm/h Millimeter per hour	
mm ³ Cubic millimeter	
MMPs Matrix metalloproteinase	
MTP Metatarsophalangeal joints	
MTX Methotrexate	
NHS Nurses' Health Study	
NSAIDs Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs	
OC Oral contraceptive pills	

List of Abbreviations Cont...

Abb.	Full term
PCO	Poly cystic ovary
	Pulmonary embolism
PGs	
PID	Pelvic inflammatory disease
PIP	Proximal interphalangeal
POP	Progesterone only pills
RA	Rheumatoid arthritis
RANK	Receptor activator of nuclear factor kappa beta
RANKL	receptor activator of nuclear factor kappa beta ligand
RASS	Rheumatoid Arthritis Severity Scale
SERA	Studies of the Etiology of rheumatoid arthritis
SF	Synovial fibroblasts
SJC	Swollen joints count
SSZ	Sulfasalazine
TH17	T helper 17
TJC	Tender joints count
TNF-α	Tumour necrotic factor alpha
U/L	Unit per liter
V-CAM-1	Vascular cell adhesion molecule 1
VEGF	Vascular endothelial growth factor
VTE	Venous thromboembolism

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Introduction

heumatoid arthritis (RA) is a chronic inflammatory disease characterized by cartilage and bone destruction, infiltration of lymphocytes into synovial tissue, and hyperproliferation of synovial fibroblasts (SF). They produce matrix-degrading enzymes and proinflammatory cytokines, which are an important propagator of RA (*Lowin et al.*, 2015).

Meta-estimates of regional RA prevalence rates for some countries were 0.40% for Southeast Asian, 0.37% for Eastern Mediterranean, 0.62% for European, 1.25% for American and 0.42% for Western Pacific regions (*Rudan et al.*, 2015).

The Role of Sex Hormone is a puzzling aspect of RA as the tendency to affect women more than men (the female to male ratio is around 3 to 1), which suggests that sex hormones may have an influence on disease (*Oliver and Silman*, 2009).

Another line of evidence implicating the involvement of sex hormones in RA is the fact that pregnancy is usually associated with a reduction in disease activity, whilst the postpartum period is often accompanied by disease flare. There is also evidence of increased rate of onset of RA during the postpartum period, especially after the first pregnancy. During pregnancy, disease activity decreased in 50–75% of women, 16% even achieved complete remission, and many were able to stop all drugs by the last trimester (*Hazes et al.*, 2011).