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STUDY OF PROCALCITONIN LEVEL IN OBESE PREVALENT HEMODIALYSIS PATIENTS AND ITS RELATION TO HEMODIALYSIS ADEQUACY

Thesis

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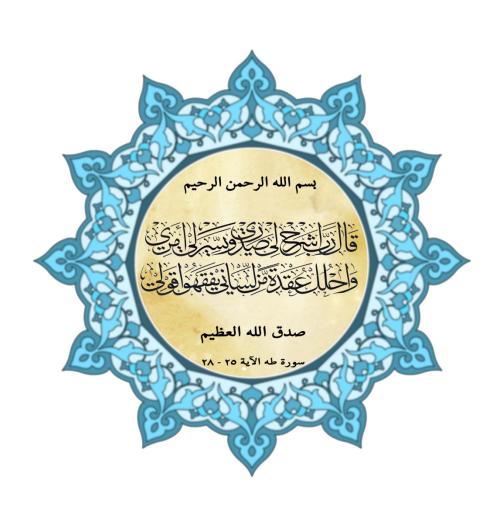
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Abstract

Introduction: In hemodialysis (HD) patients procalcitonin considered as an early predictor of acute infection. It represents a new and potential marker of inflammation and may correlate with dialysis adequacy. This makes procalcitonin a potential biomarker for obesity-related low-grade inflammation.

Objective: To assess procalcitonin level in obese prevalent hemodialysis patients and its relation to hemodialysis adequacy

Methods: A cross sectional study was conducted on 90 patients divided into 3 groups, 40 obese (BMI ≥ 30 Kg/m2) ESRD patients on regular hemodialysis at dialysis unit of El-Sahel Teaching Hospital (**group A**), 40 non obese (BMI < 25 Kg/m2) ESRD patients on regular hemodialysis (**group B**) and 10 healthy individuals with BMI < 25 Kg/m2 as a control group (group C). All patients were subjected to detailed history taking and general examination. All patients laboratory were investigated for CBC, serum urea, creatinine, CRP, Urea reduction ratio (URR), equilibrated Kt/v. All controls were subjected to written informed consent, full history and examination and CRP level. Procalcitonin level was done by ELISA technique for all patients and control.

Results: In our study, we found that there was a higher level of procalcitonin (PCT) in obese hemodialysis patient than non-obese. We also found that there was no correlation between PCT and hemodialysis adequacy in our study population.

Conclusion: Our study showed that procalcitonin is a potential biomarker for obesity-related low-grade inflammation. But not related to hemodialysis adequacy.

Keywords: Hemodialysis, procalcitonin, obesity.

List of Contents

Title F		Page
•	List of Abbreviations	. I
•	List of Tables	. III
•	List of Figures	. IV
•	Introduction	. 1
•	Aim of the Work	. 4
•	Review of Literature	
	- Chapter (1): Procalcitonin	. 5
	- Chapter (2): Procalcitonin and Obesity	. 16
	- Chapter (3): Hemodialysis Adequacy	. 39
•	Patients and Methods	. 51
•	Results	. 57
•	Discussion	.71
•	Summary	. 79
•	Conclusion and Recommendations	. 82
•	References	. 84
•	Arabic Summary	

List of Abbreviations

Abb.	Full term
AVF	.Arterio-venous fistula
BMI	.Body Mass Index
BP	.Blood Pressure
CALC-1	.Calcitonin-l gene
CAPD	.Continuous Ambulatory Peritoneal Dialysis
CDC	.Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
CKD	.Chronic Kidney Disease
CRP	.C - reactive protein
CVD	.Cardio Vascular Disease
DBP	.Diastolic Blood Pressure
DD	.Differential Diagnosis
ELISA	.Enzyme Linked Immuno Sorbent Assay
ESRD	.End-Stage Renal disease
FDA	.Federal Drug Association
GLP	.Glucagon-like peptide-1
нв	.Hemoglobin
НСТ	.Hematocrit
HD	.Hemodialysis
Kda	.Kilo Dalton
MHD	.Maintenance Hemodialysis
мно	.Metabolically Healthy Obesity
MS	.Metabolic syndrome
NAFLD	.Non-Alcoholic Fatty Liver Disease
NASH	.Non-Alcoholic Steato-Hepatitis

List of Abbreviations (Continued)

Abb.	Full term
OA	.Osteoarthritis
OSA	.Obstructive Sleep Apnea
PCT	.Procalcitonin
PLT	.Platelets
PTH	.Parathormone Hormone
RAAS	.Renin-angiotensin-aldosterone system
RBCS	.Red Blood Cells
RRT	.Renal Replacement Therapy
SBP	.Systolic Blood Pressure
SD	.Standard Deviation
SDB	.Sleep disordered breathing
SMMI	.Skeletal Muscle Mass Index
SNS	.Sympathetic nervous system
so	.Sarcopenic obesity
T2 DM	.Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus
TNF	.Tumor necrosis factor
URR	.Urea Reduction Ratio
WBCS	.White Blood Cells
wc	.Waist Circumference
WHR	.Waist- Hip Ratio

List of Tables

Table No.	Title Page
Table (1):	Comparison between the three studied groups according to demographic data
Table (2):	Comparison between the two studied groups according to cause of RF and duration of HD (years)
Table (3):	Comparison between the two studied groups according to other comorbidities
Table (4):	Comparison between the three studied groups according to measures and CRP
Table (5):	Comparison between the three studied groups according to PCT 64
Table (6):	Comparison between the two studied groups according to URR and Kt/V 66
Table (7):	Comparison between the two studied groups according to laboratory data 68
Table (8):	Correlation between PCT with different parameters in each group 70

List of Figures

Figure No.	Title	Page
Fig. (1):	Procalcitonin structure	8
Fig. (2):	Serum PCT level after induction o endotoxin	
Fig. (3):	Trends in the United States for adults and youth with obesity 1988-1994 to 2017–2018	_
Fig. (4):	Pathophysiology of the association between obesity and kidney disease.	
Fig. (5):	Shows that obesity driven an early onset of chronic diseases	
Fig. (6):	Shows how obesity as a disease process might lead to a variety of other diseases	f
Fig. (7):	Etiology of malnutrition in dialysis patients	
Fig. (8):	Comparison between the two studied groups A & B according to Cause of RF	f
Fig. (9):	Comparison between the two studied groups A & B according to Duration of HD (years)	ı
Fig. (10):	Comparison between the two studied groups according to other comorbidities	r
Fig. (11):	Comparison between the three studied groups according to PCT	

List of Figures (Continued)

Figure No.	Title	Page
Fig. (12):	Comparison between the three studied groups according to PCT	
Fig. (13):	Comparison between the two studied groups according to URR	
Fig. (14):	Comparison between the two studied groups according to Kt/V	