

شبكة المعلومات الجامعية التوثيق الإلكتروني والميكروفيلو

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم





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شبكة المعلومات الجامعية التوثيق الإلكتروني والميكرونيله



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جامعة عين شمس التوثيق الإلكتروني والميكروفيلم قسم

نقسم بالله العظيم أن المادة التي تم توثيقها وتسجيلها على هذه الأقراص المدمجة قد أعدت دون أية تغيرات



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تحفظ هذه الأقراص المدمجة بعيدا عن الغبار



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6) Drug Spectroscopy	A
7) Selected Topics in Pharmaceutical Chemistry	В
8) Drug Stereochemistry	A

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List of abbreviations

Acinetobacter baumannii
5-acetyl-4-methyl-2-(3-pyridyl) thiazole
Anti-microbial stewardship programs
Chromobacterium violaceum
Centers for disease control and prevention
Human immunodeficiency virus
Intensive care units
Klebsiella pneumonia
Kilodalton
Lipopolysaccharide
Multidrug resistant
Methicillin resistant Staphylococcus aureus
Outer membrane protein A
Pseudomonas aeruginosa
Staphylococcus aureus
Streptococcus pneumonia
Type two secretion system
World health organization

AceI	Acinetobacter-chlorhexidine-efflux protein
DMF	Dimethyl formamide
CpaA	Glycan-specific-adamalysin-like protease
BapAb	Biofilm associated proteins of Acinetobacter baumannii
Csu	Chaperon/usher pilus system
PNAG	Poly-β-1,6-N-acetylglucosamine
FecA	Ferric citrate
IC ₅₀	The concentration of inhibitor needed to inhibit enzymatic activity by 50%
Ata	Trimeric autotransporter
Lip	Lipase
T6SS	Type VI secretion system
m.p	Melting point
LCFA	Long chain fatty acid
NBS	N-bromosuccinimide
MUFAs	Monounsaturated fatty acids
SAR	Structure-activity relationship
HEK	Human embryonic kidney cell
DMSO	Dimethyl sulfoxide
CC50	Concentration that reduces the cell viability by 50%

List of abbreviations

HC ₅₀	50% Hazardous concentration
HC ₁₀	10% Hazardous concentration
MIC	Minimum inhibitory concentration
OD	Optical density
САМНВ	Cation-adjusted mueller hinton broth
CFU	Colony forming unit
MAD	Mean absolute deviation
DMEM	Dulbecco's modified eagle medium
FBS	Fetal Bovine Serum

X

Abstract

The resistant of *Acinetobacter baumannii* to almost all the available anti-microbial agents and their susceptibility for the epidemic spread, made an urgent need for discovering new targets for inhibition of virulent *Acinetobacter baumannii*, without stimulation of other resistant. Long chain fatty acid (LCFA) pathway of *A. baumannii* is a vital factor for bacterial physiology, make it an attractive target for drug discovery. Ole1p (Δ 9-fatty acid desaturase enzyme) is a key element in LCFA pathway. It responsible for converting saturated fatty acyl-CoA substrates to monounsaturated fatty acids which is critical for membrane permeability, biofilm formation and surface motility. In this study, the main aim is to design novel thiazol-2(3*H*)-imine derivatives targeting Ole1p. The design focused on exploration of the previously exposed SAR studies and bioisosteric modifications of the lead compounds. The structure and purity of each final synthesized compound were confirmed by X-ray crystallography, 1 H-NMR, 13 C- NMR, EI-MS, and elemental analysis.

Figure 1: Graphical abstract for the new synthesized compounds described in this work.

This study involves the synthesis of the following new compounds:

- 1) N-(3-Benzyl-4-hydroxy-4-methylthiazolidin-2-ylidene)acetamide (2)
- **2)** 4-Methyl-3-(*p*-tolyl)thiazol-2(3*H*)-imine (**5**)
- 3) 5-Bromo-4-methyl-3-(p-tolyl)thiazol-2(3H)-imine (6)
- 4) 3-(o-Tolyl)-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzo[d]thiazol-2(3H)-imine (9a)
- 5) 3-(p-Tolyl)-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzo[d]thiazol-2(3H)-imine(9b)
- **6**) 4-(2-Imino-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzo[d]thiazol-3(2*H*)-yl)phenol (**9c**)